

Algorytmy i struktury danych - Stosy i kolejki

Marcin Żurowski

30 kwietnia 2025

Stos - funkcje i procedury

```
STRUCT-STACK  
  data[1..5]  
  top = 0  
STACK-EMPTY(S)  
PUSH(S,k)  
POP(S)
```

Kolejka - funkcje i procedury

```
STRUCT-QUEUE  
  data[1..5]  
  length = 5  
  head = 1  
  tail = 1  
QUEUE-EMPTY(Q)  
ENQUEUE(Q,k)  
DEQUEUE(Q)
```

Stos

```
STRUCT-STACK S
INIT(S) /*inicjuje zmienne*/
PUSH(S,1)
PUSH(S,2)
WRITE(S) //1 2
PUSH(S,3)
WRITE(S) //1 2 3
WRITE(STACK-EMPTY(S)) //false
PUSH(S,4)
PUSH(S,5)
PUSH(S,6) //nadmiar
```

Stos

```
WRITE(POP(S)) //5  
WRITE(POP(S)) //4  
WRITE(POP(S)) //3  
WRITE(POP(S)) //2  
WRITE(S) //1  
WRITE(POP(S)) //1  
WRITE(POP(S)) //niedomiar  
WRITE(S) //  
WRITE(STACK-EMPTY(S)) //true
```

Kolejka

```
STRUCT-QUEUE Q
INIT(Q) /*inicjuje zmienne*/
ENQUEUE(Q,1)
ENQUEUE(Q,2)
WRITE(Q) //1 2
ENQUEUE(Q,3)
WRITE(Q) //1 2 3
WRITE(QUEUE-EMPTY(Q)) //false
WRITE(DEQUEUE(Q)) //1
WRITE(DEQUEUE(Q)) //2
ENQUEUE(Q,4)
ENQUEUE(Q,5)
ENQUEUE(Q,6)
ENQUEUE(Q,7)
ENQUEUE(Q,8) //nadmiar
```

Kolejka

```
WRITE(Q) //3 4 5 6 7
WRITE(DEQUEUE(Q)) //3
WRITE(DEQUEUE(Q)) //4
WRITE(DEQUEUE(Q)) //5
WRITE(DEQUEUE(Q)) //6
WRITE(DEQUEUE(Q)) //7
WRITE(DEQUEUE(Q)) //niedomiar
WRITE(Q) //
WRITE(Queue-EMPTY(Q)) //true
```